



**NOVA
UNIVERZA**



FAKULTETA
ZA DRŽAVNE IN
EVROPSKE ŠTUDIJE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Zunanje meje in širitev Evropske Unije v luči mednarodnih migracij
Course title:	The External Borders and the Enlargement of the European Union in Light of International Migrations

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Mednarodne in diplomatske študije – II. stopnja	Varnostni in migracijski modul	2	3
International and diplomatic studies– 2nd degree	Security and Migration module	2	3

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Obvezni/mandatory

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30	0	0	0	0	95	5

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

doc. dr. Igor Senčar / Asst. Prof. Igor Senčar, PhD

**Jeziki /
Languages:**

**Predavanja /
Lectures:**

slovenski / slovenian, optional angleščina/english

Vaje / Tutorial:

/

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Vpis v tekoči letnik.
Obvezna prisotnost na prvem predavanju.
Vsaj 80% prisotnost na predavanjih.

Prerequisites:

Enrollment in the current year of studies.
Compulsory attendance at the first lecture
At least 80% attendance at lectures.



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Vsebina:

Modul 1: Evropa - politično in societalno oblikovanje prostora, meja in identitete

- Kulturno-zgodovinski izvori političnega in societalnega oblikovanja evropskega prostora ter vprašanja njegovih meja segajo v antično obdobje.
- Eden glavnih problemov mednarodnih odnosov, svetovnega reda oz. geopolitike so meje in migracije. Predstavljeni bodo meje Rimskega imperija, njegovo razdelitev na vzhodni in zahodni del, propad Zahodnega rimskega cesarstva leta 476 ter Bizantinskega cesarstva leta 1453.
- Obravnavan bo koncept imperija in njegove razlike glede na koncept nacionalne države. Ob tem bodo predstavljeni problemi migracij in meja, ki niso samogeografsko-politične, ampak tudi meje političnega reda ter etnične, verske in kulturno-civilizacijske meje. Ti vidiki predstavljajo konceptualno podlago za obravnavo vprašanj evropskega političnega prostora, širitve Evropske unije in migracij v nadaljnjih moduli.
- Sledi kratka predstavitev naslednika Zahodnega Rima - Svetega rimskega cesarstva – in njegove kompleksne strukture oblasti. Na tej podlagi bo predstavljen tudi koncept neomedievalizma, ki je bil uporabljen pri teoretskem preučevanju evropske integracije, kompleksnosti institucionalne arhitekture EU ter različnih in prekrivajočih se ravni pristojnosti.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Module 1: Europe - the Political and Societal Formation of Space and Identity

- The cultural and historical origins of the political and societal formation of European space and identity, as well as the question of Europe's borders, can be traced back to antiquity.
- Borders and migration constitute fundamental issues in international relations, world order and geopolitics. The module will examine the borders of the Roman Empire, its division into Eastern and Western parts, the fall of the Western Roman Empire in 476 and of the Byzantine Empire in 1453.
- The concept of empire and its differences from the concept of the nation-state will be examined. In this context, migration and borders will be addressed not only as geographical and political boundaries, but also as boundaries of political order and as ethnic, religious and cultural-civilizational boundaries. These aspects provide a conceptual basis for the subsequent examination of European political space, EU enlargement and migration.
- This will be followed by a brief examination of the successor to the Western Roman Empire – the Holy Roman Empire – and its complex structure of authority. On this basis, the concept of neo-medievalism will also be introduced, particularly as applied in theoretical approaches to European integration, the complex institutional



Anderson, 1996; Cooper, 2003, str. 3-12;
Huntington str. 195-210, 219-225, 263-275;
Marks, 2012.

Modul 2: Povezovanje Evrope: 1948–1989

- Obravnavani bodo nastanek in razvoj evropskega integracijskega procesa po drugi svetovni vojni ter njegove politične in geopolitične okoliščine.
- Predstavljene bodo začetki evropskega povezovanja, razvoj evropskih skupnosti in njihove širitve do konca hladne vojne.
- Posebna pozornost bo namenjena razmerju med poglobljanjem in širitvijo evropske integracije ter postopnemu oblikovanju evropskega političnega prostora in njegovih zunanjih meja.

Schuman, 2003.

Modul 3: Združevanje Evrope, širitev Evropske unije po koncu hladne vojne

- Obravnavani bodo konec hladne vojne, padec železne zavese in oblikovanje novega evropskega reda po letu 1989 ter vizija celovite in svobodne Evrope.

architecture of the EU, and multiple and overlapping levels of competence and authority.

Anderson, 1996; Cooper, 2003, pp. 3-12;
Huntington, pp. 155-168, 174-179, 209-218;
Marks, 2012.

Module 2: European Integration: 1948-1989

- The module will examine the origins and development of the European integration process after the Second World War and the political and geopolitical circumstances in which it evolved.
- The beginnings of European integration, the development of the European Communities and their successive enlargements up to the end of the Cold War will be presented.
- Particular attention will be devoted to the relationship between the deepening and widening of European integration and to the gradual formation of European political space and its external borders.

Schuman, 2003; The Schuman Declaration.

Module 3: The Reunification of Europe and the Enlargement of the European Union after the End of the Cold War

- The module will examine the end of the Cold War, the fall of the Iron Curtain and the emergence of a new European order



- Predstavljeni bodo proces združevanja Evrope, širitev Nata in širitev Evropske unije ter njihov pomen za oblikovanje evropskega političnega in varnostnega prostora po koncu hladne vojne.
- Obravnavane bodo širitve Evropske unije v obdobju 2004–2013 ter proces širitve na države Zahodnega Balkana.
- Posebna pozornost bo namenjena ponovni geopolitični aktualizaciji širitvene politike po ruski agresiji proti Ukrajini, evropski perspektivi Ukrajine in Moldavije ter pomenu širitve za prihodnji evropski politični in varnostni red.
- Obravnavani bodo tudi izzivi prihodnje širitve Evropske unije, vključno z verodostojnostjo pristopnega procesa, izpolnjevanjem meril za članstvo, absorpcijsko sposobnostjo EU ter možnimi oblikami postopnega vključevanja držav kandidatk.

Anghel & Jones, 2024; Bobbitt, 2002, str. 610-639; Bush, 1989; Charter of Paris for a New Europe, 1990 Kuus, 2007; Marten, 2018; Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council, 1993; Zielonka, 2007; Senčar, 2025; Walsch, 2025.

- after 1989, including the vision of a Europe whole and free.
- The reunification of Europe, NATO enlargement and EU enlargement will be examined, together with their significance for the formation of the European political and security order after the end of the Cold War.
 - The enlargements of the European Union between 2004 and 2013 and the enlargement process involving the Western Balkan countries will be addressed.
 - Particular attention will be devoted to the renewed geopolitical significance of EU enlargement following Russia's aggression against Ukraine, the European perspective of Ukraine and Moldova, and the significance of enlargement for the future European political and security order.
 - The module will also examine the challenges of future EU enlargement, including the credibility of the accession process, compliance with membership criteria, the EU's absorption capacity, and possible forms of gradual integration of candidate countries.

Anghel & Jones, 2024; Bobbitt, 2002, pp. 610-639; Bush, 1989; Charter of Paris for a New Europe, 1990; Kuus, 2007; Marten, 2018; Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council, 1993; Zielonka, 2007; Senčar, 2025, Walsch, 2025.



Modul 4: Evropska sosedstva politika

- Obravnavana bo evropska sosedstva politika ter njeno razmerje do širitvene politike Evropske unije.
- Pri južnem sosedstvu bo pozornost namenjena Uniji za Sredozemlje, politični nestabilnosti in konfliktom ter njihovemu vplivu na migracijske tokove proti Evropi.
- Pri vzhodnem sosedstvu bodo obravnavani vzhodno partnerstvo, zamrznjeni konflikti in geopolitična vprašanja postsovjetskega prostora.
- Posebna pozornost bo namenjena posledicam ruske vojne proti Ukrajini za evropsko sosedstvo politiko ter prehodu nekaterih držav vzhodnega partnerstva iz politike sosedstva v okvir širitvene politike EU.
- Obravnavano bo širše razmerje med sosedstvom, širitvijo, varnostjo in geopolitičnimi mejami evropskega prostora.

Browning, Joenniemi, 2008; Cooper, 2003, str. 12-80; Manners, 2008; Snyder, 2018, str. 67-109; Senčar, 2025.

Modul 5: Območje svobode, varnosti in pravice

- Modul je posvečen obravnavi območja svobode, varnosti in pravice, schengenskega območja, skupne

Module 4: European Neighbourhood Policy

- The module will examine the European Neighbourhood Policy and its relationship with the European Union's enlargement policy.
- With regard to the Southern Neighbourhood, attention will be devoted to the Union for the Mediterranean, political instability and conflicts, and their impact on migration flows towards Europe.
- With regard to the Eastern Neighbourhood, the module will address the Eastern Partnership, frozen conflicts and the geopolitical challenges of the post-Soviet space.
- Particular attention will be devoted to the consequences of Russia's war against Ukraine for the European Neighbourhood Policy and to the transition of some Eastern Partnership countries from the neighbourhood policy framework to the EU enlargement framework.
- The broader relationship between neighbourhood, enlargement, security and the geopolitical boundaries of European space will also be examined.

Browning, Joenniemi, 2008; Cooper, 2003, pp. 12-80; Manners, 2008; Snyder, 2018, pp. 67-109; Senčar, 2025.

Module 5: Area of Freedom, Security and Justice

- The module is devoted to the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice, the Schengen area, common policies on asylum and migration, and the

politike na področju azila in migracij ter upravljanja zunanjih meja Evropske unije.

- Obravnavani bodo razvoj skupnega evropskega azilnega sistema in dublinskega sistema ter problematika solidarnosti in pravične delitve odgovornosti med državami članicami, zlasti na podlagi izkušenj migracijske krize 2015/16.
- Posebna pozornost bo namenjena Paktu EU o migracijah in azilu ter iskanju novega ravnotežja med odgovornostjo in solidarnostjo držav članic, učinkovitim upravljanjem zunanjih meja, zagotavljanjem mednarodne zaščite in omejevanjem sekundarnih gibanj znotraj skupnega območja.
- Obravnavani bodo tudi upravljanje zunanjih meja, začasna ponovna uvedba nadzora na notranjih mejah schengenskega območja, evropsko integrirano upravljanje meja in vloga Evropske agencije za mejno in obalno stražo (Frontex).
- Pozornost bo namenjena tudi odzivanju Evropske unije na krizne razmere in instrumentalizacijo migracij ter zunanji razsežnosti evropske azilne in migracijske politike.

Komisija, Stanje izvajanja pakta o migracijah in azilu, 2026; Konvencija o statusu beguncev, 1951; uredba Dublin III; Senčar, 2025.

management of the European Union's external borders.

- The development of the Common European Asylum System and the Dublin system will be examined, together with the issues of solidarity and the fair sharing of responsibility among Member States, particularly in light of the experience of the 2015–2016 migration crisis.
- Particular attention will be devoted to the EU Pact on Migration and Asylum and its attempt to establish a new balance between Member States' responsibility and solidarity, effective management of the external borders, the provision of international protection, and the reduction of secondary movements within the common area.
- The module will also examine the management of the EU's external borders, the temporary reintroduction of controls at the internal borders of the Schengen area, European integrated border management, and the role of the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex).
- Attention will also be devoted to the European Union's response to crisis situations and the instrumentalisation of migration, as well as to the external dimension of EU asylum and migration policy.

Commission, Pact Implementation Report, 2026; Convention and protocol relating to the status of refugees; Regulation Dublin III; Senčar, 2025.



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Modul 6: Migracije

- Predstavljena bo demografska in migracijska situacija Evrope ter širši vzroki in značilnosti sodobnih mednarodnih migracij.
- Obravnava bo migracijska kriza 2015/16 ter njene politične, institucionalne in družbene posledice za Evropsko unijo in države članice.
- Analizirano bo razmerje med azilom in migracijami ter med zakonitimi in neregularnimi migracijami, vključno z vprašanji mednarodne zaščite, upravljanja migracijskih tokov in vračanja oseb, ki niso upravičene do mednarodne zaščite.
- Obravnavano bo razmerje med demografskimi trendi in potrebami evropskih družb in gospodarstev po zakonitih migracijah na eni strani ter političnimi in družbenimi izzivi priseljevanja na drugi.
- Posebna pozornost bo namenjena vprašanju, kako uskladiti načela in pravice demokratične politične skupnosti pri odločanju o svoji prihodnosti z obveznostmi glede človekovih pravic in zaščite oseb, ki so upravičene do mednarodne zaščite. Migracije bodo tako obravnavane tudi kot vprašanje meja, članstva, solidarnosti, družbene kohezivnosti in prihodnosti evropske politične skupnosti.

Module 6: Migration

- The module will present Europe's demographic and migration situation and the broader causes and characteristics of contemporary international migration.
- The 2015–2016 migration crisis and its political, institutional and societal consequences for the European Union and its Member States will be examined.
- The module will analyse the distinction between asylum and migration and between legal and irregular migration, including issues of international protection, the management of migration flows, and the return of persons who are not entitled to international protection.
- The relationship between demographic trends and the needs of European societies and economies for legal migration, on the one hand, and the political and societal challenges associated with immigration, on the other, will be examined.
- Particular attention will be devoted to the question of how the principles and rights of a democratic political community to determine its own future can be reconciled with human rights obligations and the obligation to protect persons entitled to international protection.
- Migration will thus also be examined as an issue of borders, membership, solidarity, societal cohesion and the future of the European political community.



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Guild, 2021; Miller, 2016; Pakt o migraciji in azilu, 2024; Riševičiūtė, 2025; Senčar, 2025.

Guild, 2021; Miller, 2016; Pact on Migration and Asylum, 2024; Riševičiūtė, 2025; Senčar, 2025.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

1. Anderson, J. (1996). The shifting stage of politics: new medieval and postmodern territorialities?. *Environment and Planning D: Society and Space*, letnik 14, št. 2, str. 133-153.
2. Anghel, V., Jones, E. (2024). The Geopolitics of EU Enlargement: From Club to Commons. *Survival*, letnik 66, št. 4, str. 101–114.
3. Bobbitt, P. (2002). *The Shield of Achilles – War, Peace, and the Course of History*. New York: Knopf.
4. Browning, C. S., Joenniemi, P. (2008). Geostrategies of the European neighbourhood policy. *European journal of international relations*, letnik 14, št. 3, str. 519-551.
5. Bush, G. A Europe Whole and Free. U.S. Diplomatic Mission to Germany, 31. 5. 1989. URL: <http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/ga6-890531.htm>, 30. 9. 2019.
6. Charter of Paris for a New Europe. (1990). Paris: Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe. URL: <https://www.osce.org/mc/39516?download=true>.
7. Conference on Security and Co-Operation in Europe: Final act. (1975). Helsinki: Conference on Security and Co-Operation in Europe. URL: <https://www.osce.org/helsinki-final-act?download=true>.
8. Consolidated Version of the Treaty on European Union (TEU). OJ C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, OJ C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. p. 13-45.
9. Consolidated Version of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU). OJ C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, OJ C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. p. 47-388.
10. Convention and protocol relating to the status of refugees. (2010). Geneva: The UN Refugee Agency. URL: <https://www.unhcr.org/sites/default/files/legacy-pdf/3b66c2aa10.pdf>
11. Cooper, R. (2003). *The Breaking of Nations: Order and Chaos in the Twenty-first Century*. London: Atlantic Books.
12. Dębski, S., Hamilton, D. S. (ur.), *Europe Whole and Free: Vision and Reality*, Warsaw & Washington, 2019, str. 17–27 in 341–352.



13. Faix, M. Development of Frontex vis-à-vis Instrumentalization of Migration as a Tool of Hybrid Warfare – Is More Institutionalisation the Answer?, *Polish Review of International and European Law*, letnik 13, št. 1, 2024.
14. Guild, E. Schengen Borders and Multiple National States of Emergency: From Refugees to Terrorism to COVID-19, *European Journal of Migration and Law*, št. 23, 2021, str. 385–404.
15. European Commission. (2026). Report on the state of play on the implementation of the Pact on Migration and Asylum, 8 May 2026.
16. Evropska Komisija. (2026). Stanje izvajanja pakta o migracijah in azilu, 8.5.2026.
17. Huntington, S. (1998). *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order*. London: Touchstone – Simon & Schuster. / Huntington, S. (2005). *Spopad civilizacij in preoblikovanje svetovnega reda*. Ljubljana: Mladinska knjiga.
18. Konvencija o statusu beguncev. 28. 7. 1951. URL: https://www.unhcr.org/si/wp-content/uploads/sites/25/2017/06/1951_Convention_status_refugees-svn.pdf.
19. Kuus, M. (2007). *Geopolitics reframed: Security and Identity in Europe's Eastern Enlargement*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
20. Manners, I. (2008). The normative ethics of the European Union. *International affairs*, letnik 84, št. 1, str. 45–60.
21. Marks, G. (2012). Europe and its empires: From Rome to the European Union. *Journal of Common Market Studies*, letnik 50, št. 1, str. 1–20.
22. Marten, K. (2018). Reconsidering NATO expansion: a counterfactual analysis of Russia and the West in the 1990s. *European Journal of International Security*, letnik 3, št. 2, str. 135–161.
23. Miller, D. (2016). *Strangers in Our Midst: the Political Philosophy of Immigration*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.
24. Pact on Migration and Asylum. Legislative files in a nutshell. European Commission, 4. 7. 2024. URL: https://home-affairs.ec.europa.eu/policies/migration-and-asylum/pact-migration-and-asylum/legislative-files-nutshell_en, 17. 7. 2024.
25. Pakt o migraciji in azilu. Na kratko o zakonodajnih dokumentih. Evropska komisija, 4. 7. 2024. URL: https://home-affairs.ec.europa.eu/policies/migration-and-asylum/pact-migration-and-asylum/legislative-files-nutshell_sl, 17. 7. 2024.
26. Pogodba o Evropski uniji (PEU). UL C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, UL C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. str. 13–45.
27. Pogodba o delovanju Evropske unije (PDEU). UL C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, UL C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. str. 47–388.
28. Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council - 21-22 June 1993. 22. 6. 1993. URL: https://www.europarl.europa.eu/enlargement/ec/pdf/cop_en.pdf.
29. Regulation (Eu) No 604/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or a stateless person (recast) (Regulation Dublin III). OJ L 180, 29. 6.



- 2013, pp. 31-59. URL: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32013R0604>
30. Riševičiūtė, V. (2025). Principle of Solidarity and its Impact on the Harmonization of Asylum Law in the European Union. *Teisė*, Vol. 134, str. 111–122.
31. Sarotte, M. E. (2014). 1989: The Struggle to Create Post-Cold War Europe. Princeton, Oxford: Princeton University Press.
32. The Schuman Declaration. (1950). URL: <https://www.centre-robert-schuman.org/en/robert-schuman-en/robert-schuman-declaration>, 11. 7. 2024.
33. Schuman, R. (2003). *Za Evropo*. Celje: Mohorjeva družba.
34. Senčar, I. (2025). *Povezani v usodi?: solidarnost in njene meje v evropskem povezovanju*, Nova Gorica: Znanstvena založba Nove univerze.
35. Severnoatlantska pogodba. UL RS, št. 5/2004.
36. Snyder, T. (2018). *The Road to Unfreedom: Russia, Europe, America*. London: The Bodley Head.
37. Uredba (EU) št. 604/2013 Evropskega parlamenta in Sveta z dne 26. junija 2013 o vzpostavitvi meril in mehanizmov za določitev države članice, odgovorne za obravnavanje prošnje za mednarodno zaščito, ki jo v eni od držav članic vloži državljani tretje države ali oseba brez državljanstva (prenovitev uredbe Sveta (ES) 343/2003 – uredba Dublin II) (uredba Dublin III). UL L 180, 29. 6. 2013, str. 31–59.
38. Walsch, C. (2025). Gradual EU Integration of the Western Balkans in Times of War in Europe: Security and the Politics of EU Enlargement in the 2020s. *Politics in Central Europe*, letnik 21, št. 4, str. 623–641.
39. Zielonka, J. (2007). *Europe as Empire: The Nature of the Enlarged European Union*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Cilji in kompetence:

Poglobljena informiranost in znanje o najbolj perečih problemih Evropske unije in Sredozemlja na podlagi zgodovinske refleksije ter teoretskih pristopov, s poudarkom na geopolitičnem vidiku integracije, procesu širitve Evropske unije ter na izzivu, ki ga za ta prostor predstavlja azilna in migracijska problematika.

Zmožnost uvrstitve vseh teh pojavov na dnevni red oblikovanja politik.

Objectives and competences:

In-depth learning/understanding and knowledge of most acute problems and challenges of the EU and Mediterranean based on historical experiences and theoretical approaches, focusing on the geopolitical aspect of integration, on the process of the enlargement of the European union and the challenge posed to the region by asylum and migration issues.

Ability to place all this phenomena on the policy-making agenda.



Kompetence:

Pričujoči predmet prispeva k razvoju naslednjih splošnih in specifičnih kompetenc študentov :

a) Splošne kompetence :

- sposobnost uporabe pridobljenega teoretičnega znanja pri obravnavanju konkretnih problemov in iskanju primernih rešitev;
- sposobnost in razvoj kritičnega mišljenja pri obravnavi temeljnih vprašanj, procesov in problemov mednarodne skupnosti;
- sposobnost prehoda od opisnega načina učenja do analitičnega učenja s poudarkom na kritičnem mišljenju;
- vključevanje pridobljenega teoretičnega znanja v delovni proces, sposobnost iskanja rešitev in njihove uporabe pri konkretnih problemih;
- sposobnost interdisciplinarnega učenja in uporabe znanj iz različnih strokovnih področij;
- sposobnost samostojnega dela in samorefleksije;
- razvoj sposobnosti pisanja strokovnih prispevkov na visoki strokovni ravni;
- sposobnost kritične presoje ter analize in interpretacije aktualnih dogodkov;
- izboljšanje sposobnosti odločanja o temeljnih dilemah slovenske družbe v konkretnih primerih;
- sposobnost iskanja utemeljenih alternativnih rešitev in njihovo uporabo pri konkretnih problemih.

Competences:

The present subject contributes to the development of following generic and specific competences of students:

a) General competencies:

- the ability to apply acquired theoretical knowledge to concrete problems and find appropriate solutions;
- development of critical thinking in addressing the fundamental issues, processes and problems of the international community;
- ability to transition from a descriptive approach/learning/understanding of issues to analytical approach/learning/understanding with an emphasis on critical thinking;
- integrate acquired theoretical knowledge into the work process, ability to search for solutions and their application to concrete problems;
- ability to employ interdisciplinary learning and to apply the knowledge from different areas of expertise;
- the ability to work independently and be self-reflective;
- develop the ability to write policy papers and professional/academic articles on a professional level;
- the ability to make critical judgements and analyse and interpret current events;
- improve skills to decide on the fundamental dilemmas of Slovenian society in concrete cases;
- the ability to find reasoned alternative solutions and apply them to concrete problems.



b) Specifične kompetence

- zmožnost kategorizacije in uvrstitve vseh teh problematik na dnevni red oblikovanja politik;
- razvoj sposobnosti razumevanja in analiziranja razvoja širitvenega procesa EU ter refleksije o možnostih za prihodnjo širitev EU in njenem potencialnem pomenu za EU in Evropo;
- sposobnost analiziranja širše problematike migracij in sposobnost za prispevanje k reševanju problemov, dilem in konfliktov, povezanih s širitveno politiko in politikami mejnih kontrol, azila, priseljevanja in zaščite zunanjih meja EU;
- poznavanje teoretskega ozadja analitskih pristopov, ki omogočajo poglobljeno razumevanje vseh ključnih fenomenov, ki jih obravnava ta predmet.

b) Specific competences

- the ability to categorise these issues on the policy-making agenda;
- the ability to understand and analyse the evolution of the EU enlargement process and to reflect on the prospects for future EU enlargement and its potential significance for the EU and Europe;
- the ability to analyse the broader issue of migration and contribute to the resolution of the problems, dilemmas, and conflicts related to the EU enlargement policy and the policies of border control, asylum, immigration and the protection of the EU's external borders;
- knowledge of the theoretical background of the analytical approaches that enable an in-depth understanding of all the key phenomena addressed in this course.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

- razumevanje procesa širitve Evropske Unije in problematike, ki je s tem povezana, vključno z geopolitičnimi vidiki integracijskega procesa;
- razumevanje procesa združevanja Evrope po kolapsu komunističnega totalitarizma v Evropi ter razvoja politik Evropske unije do njene južne in vzhodne sosesčine;
- razumevanje razvoja politik, ki so vodile do koncepta Območja svobode, varnosti in pravice v Evropski uniji;
- razumevanje širše problematike migracij z vidika demokratične politične

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

- to gain understanding of the process of European Union enlargement and the issues involved, including the geopolitical aspects of the integration process;
- to gain understanding of the European integration process following the collapse of communist totalitarianism in Europe and the development of the European Union's policies towards its southern and eastern neighbourhood;
- to gain understanding of the evolution of the policies that led to the concept of



skupnosti v kontekstu Območja svobode, varnosti in pravice v Evropski uniji.

an Area of Freedom, Security and Justice in the European Union;

- to gain understanding of the broader issue of migration from the perspective of a democratic political community in the context of the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice in the European Union.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, individualne konsultacije, e-učenje, kombiniran način študija.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, individual consultations, e-learning, blended learning.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež (v %) /
Weight (in %)

Assessment:

Način: - seminarska naloga (2000 besed - samostojno raziskovanje, analiza in argumentacija): 50 % - analiza petih znanstvenih člankov/povzetkov izbranih tekstov iz spiska temeljne literature (5x300 besed - razumevanje in kritično branje znanstvene literature): 40 % - esej na določeno temo (300 besed - sinteza, povezovanje in samostojna presoja): 10 %	50 % 40 % 10 %	Type: - term paper (2000 words - independent research, analysis, and argumentation): 50 % - analyses of 5 scientific-academic articles/summaries of 5 selected texts from the assigned reading list (5x300 words - understanding and critical reading of scientific literature): 40 % - essay on an assigned topic (300 words - synthesis, integration, and independent judgment): 10 %
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Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

Dr. Igor Senčar je docent za področje Mednarodni politični, ekonomski in poslovni odnosi. Doktoriral je na Fakulteti za državne in evropske študije Nove univerze, magistriral na Ekonomski fakulteti Univerze v Ljubljani, diplomiral pa na Fakulteti za elektrotehniko Univerze v Ljubljani. Zaposlen je na Ministrstvu za zunanje zadeve (naziv: veleposlanik I). Bil je državni sekretar za koordinacijo mednarodnih in EU zadev v Kabinetu predsednika vlade (2020-2022), pa tudi državni sekretar (2012-2014) in generalni direktor za evropske zadeve in politično bilateralno (2010-2012), oboje na Ministrstvu za zunanje zadeve (2010-2012). Bil je veleposlanik, stalni predstavnik Slovenije



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pri EU (2005-2010) in v prvi polovici leta 2008 v času predsedstva Slovenije Evropskemu svetu in Svetu EU tudi predsedujoči Odboru stalnih predstavnikov.

Njegovo raziskovalno in akademsko delo je osredotočeno na evropske integracijske procese, preučevanje solidarnosti, na politično ekonomijo ekonomske in monetarne unije, na mednarodne odnose, geopolitiko in migracije.

Njegova bibliografija je dostopna na:

https://bib.cobiss.net/bibliographies/si/webBiblio/bib201_20220720_152512_a1066595.html

Igor Senčar is an Assistant Professor in the field of International Political, Economic and Business Relations. He holds a PhD from the Faculty of Government and European Studies of the New University, a Masters of Science degree from the Faculty of Economics, University of Ljubljana, and a Bachelor of Science degree from the Faculty of Electrical Engineering, University of Ljubljana. He is employed at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (rank: Ambassador I). He was State Secretary for Coordination of International and EU Affairs in the Office of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Slovenia (2020-2022, 2026-) as well as State Secretary (2012- 2014) and Director General for European Affairs and Political Bilateral Affairs (2010-2012), both at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. He was Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the EU from 2005-2010. He was the Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee during the Slovenian Presidency of the European Council and the Council of the EU in 2008.

His research and academic work focuses on European integration processes, the study of solidarity, political economy of economic and monetary union, international relations, geopolitics and migration.

His bibliography is available at:

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