



NOVA  
UNIVERZA

FAKULTETA  
ZA DRŽAVNE IN  
EVROPSKE ŠTUDIJE

### UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

<b>Predmet:</b>	Zunanje meje in širitev Evropske Unije
<b>Course title:</b>	The External Borders and the Enlargement of the European Union

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Javna uprava I. stopnje		3	6
Public Administration -1st degree		3	6

**Vrsta predmeta / Course type**

**Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:**

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
20	0	0	0	0	130	6

**Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:**

<b>Jeziki / Languages:</b>	<b>Predavanja / Lectures:</b>	slovenski / slovenian
	<b>Vaje / Tutorial:</b>	slovenski / slovenian

**Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:**

Vpis v tekoči letnik.  
Obvezna prisotnost na prvem predavanju.  
Vsaj 80% prisotnost na predavanjih.

**Prerequisites:**

Enrollment in the current year of studies.  
Compulsory attendance at the first lecture  
At least 80% attendance at lectures.



### Vsebina:

#### Modul 1: Evropa - politično in societalno oblikovanje prostora in identitete

- Kulturno-zgodovinski izvori političnega in societalnega oblikovanja prostora in identitete Evrope ter vprašanja njenih mej segajo v antično obdobje.
- Eden glavnih problemov mednarodnih odnosov, svetovnega reda oz. geopolitike so meje in migracije. Na začetku bomo predstavili meje Rimskega imperija, njegovo razdelitev na vzhodni in zahodni del, propad Zahodnega Rima l. 476 in vsega cesarstva l. 1453.
- Spoznali bomo koncept imperija in njegove razlike glede na koncept nacionalne države. Ob tem bomo spoznali problem migracij in mej, ki niso samo geografsko-politične, ampak tudi meje nekega reda, so tudi etnične, verske in kulturno civilizacijske meje. Ti vidiki so pomembni tudi kot podlaga kasnejšim modulom. V smislu teoretskega preučevanja evropske integracije z vidikov konstitutivnega vpliva na družbene procese prek mej EU se je namreč s koncem hladnovojne bipolarnosti in z možnostjo širitve EU prek mej nekdanje železne zavese okrepilo preučevanje imperijev.
- Sledi kratka predstavitev naslednika Zahodnega Rima - Svetega rimskega cesarstva in njegovih mej. Pomembna je tudi kot podlaga za kasnejše module. Pri preučevanju kompleksnosti institucionalne arhitekture EU in ravni pristojnosti glede na različna področja

### Content (Syllabus outline):

#### Module 1: Europe - the political and social formation of space and identity

- The cultural and historical origins of the political and social formation of Europe's space and identity and the question of its borders go back to antiquity. This class focuses on two important issues for international relations, world order, and geopolitics: borders and migrations. At the beginning, we present the borders of the Roman Empire, its division into Eastern and Western parts, the demise of Western Rome (476 a.d.), and then of the rest of the empire in 1453.
- We will discuss the concept of empire and compare it to the concept of the nation state. At the same time, we introduce and discuss the issues of migrations and borders, which are not only geographical-political, but also borders of a certain order (cultural-civilizational, religious, and even ethnic borders). These aspects are also important as a basis for later modules. In terms of the theoretical study of European integration from the standpoint of its constitutive impact on social processes beyond the EU's borders, the study of empires has intensified with the end of Cold War bipolarity and the possibility of EU enlargement beyond the borders of the former Iron Curtain.
- The following section is a brief presentation of the successor of Western Rome - the Holy Roman Empire



njenega delovanja se je namreč zaradi podobnosti s prekrivajočimi se in diferenciranimi jurisdikcijami v evropskem srednjem veku (Karolinško in Sveto rimsko cesarstvo) razvila paradigma novega srednjega veka (neomedievalizem).

Anderson, 1996; Cooper, 2003, str. 3-12; Huntington str. 195-210, 219-225, 263-275; Jambrek, 2018, str. 21-29, 36-51; Marks, 2012.

#### Modul 2: Povezovanje Evrope: 1948–1989

- Predmet obravnave je širitve evropske integracije, njenih normativnih podlag in zgodovinskega poteka z osredotočenjem na vsakokratno specifično problematiko širitve.

Kajnič, Lajh, 2009, str. 17–28, 406–412; Schuman, 2003.

#### Modul 3: Združevanje Evrope in širitev Evropske unije

- Osrednja pozornost pri širitvi evropskih integracij je posvečena obdobju padca železne zavese in vprašanju novega evropskega reda, ki ga predstavlja Pariška listina o novi Evropi.
- V nadaljevanju je obravnavano udejanjanje paradigem *vrnitev v Evropo* ter *celovita in svobodna Evropa*; obravnavali bomo vlogo Nata in njegovo širitev, širitev EU (2004-2013)

and its borders. These aspects are also important as a basis for later modules. In examining the complexity of the EU's institutional architecture and the level of competence in relation to its different areas of activity, the similarities with the overlapping and differentiated jurisdictions of the European Middle Ages (the Carolingian and Holy Roman Empires) have led to the development of neo-medievalism.

Anderson, 1996; Cooper, 2003, pp. 3-12; Huntington, pp. 155-168, 174-179, 209-218; Jambrek, 2018, pp. 21-29, 36-51; Marks, 2012.

#### Module 2: European integration: 1948-1989

- This module focuses on Europe after the end of the WWII: European integration, its normative bases, and historical course – focusing on the specific issues of each enlargement.

Kajnič, Lajh, 2009, pp. 17–28, 406–412; Schuman, 2003; The Schuman Declaration.

#### Module 3: European unification and the enlargement of the European Union

- The main focus of the enlargement of European integration is on the period of the fall of the Iron Curtain and the issue of the new European order represented by the Paris Charter for a New Europe.
- The implementation of the paradigms of *return to Europe* and *Europe whole and free* are introduced and discussed, followed by the role of NATO and its enlargement, the enlargement of the EU



ter perspektivo širitve EU na območju jugovzhodne Evrope.

Bobbitt, 2002, str. 610-639; Bush, 1989; Charter of Paris for a New Europe, 1990; Kuus, 2007; Marten, 2018; Okrepitev pristopnega procesa – verodostojna perspektiva EU za Zahodni Balkan, 2020; Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council, 1993; Zielonka, 2007.

#### Modul 4: Evropska sosedstva politika

- Obravnavana je evropska sosedstva politika z osvetlitvijo problematik Unije za Sredozemlje (politični pretresi so sprožili izreden migracijski pritisk na Evropo) ter vzhodnega partnerstva (zamrznjeni spori in barvne revolucije) s poudarkom na geopolitičnih vidikih spricho vojne Rusije proti Ukrajini.

Browning, Joenniemi, 2008; Cooper, 2003, str. 12-80; Manners, 2008; Snyder, 2018, str. 67-109.

(2004-2013), and the prospects of EU enlargement for the region of South-East Europe.

Bobbitt, 2002, pp. 610-639; Bush, 1989; Charter of Paris for a New Europe, 1990; Enhancing the accession process - A credible EU perspective for the Western Balkans, 2020; Kuus, 2007; Marten, 2018; Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council, 1993; Zielonka, 2007.

#### Module 4: European Neighbourhood Policy

- This module focuses on the European Neighborhood Policy, which sheds light on the issues of the Union for the Mediterranean (political turmoil has triggered extreme migratory pressure on Europe), and on the Eastern Partnership (frozen conflicts and color revolutions) with an emphasis on geopolitical aspects in the light of Russia's war against Ukraine.

Browning, Joenniemi, 2008; Cooper, 2003, pp. 12-80; Manners, 2008; Snyder, 2018, pp. 67-109.

#### Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

1. Anderson, J. (1996). The shifting stage of politics: new medieval and postmodern territorialities?. *Environment and Planning D: Society and Space*, letnik 14, št. 2, str. 133-153.
2. Bobbitt, P. (2002). *The Shield of Achilles – War, Peace, and the Course of History*. New York: Knopf.
3. Browning, C. S., Joenniemi, P. (2008). Geostrategies of the European neighbourhood policy. *European journal of international relations*, letnik 14, št. 3, str. 519-551.
4. Bush, G. A Europe Whole and Free. U.S. Diplomatic Mission to Germany, 31. 5. 1989. URL: <http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/ga6-890531.htm>, 30. 9. 2019.



5. Carrera, S., et al. (2015). The EU's Response to the Refugee Crisis: Taking Stock and Setting Policy Priorities. Bruselj: Centre for European Policy Studies.
6. Charter of Paris for a New Europe. (1990). Paris: Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe. URL: <https://www.osce.org/mc/39516?download=true>.
7. Conference on Security and Co-Operation in Europe: Final act. (1975). Helsinki: Conference on Security and Co-Operation in Europe. URL: <https://www.osce.org/helsinki-final-act?download=true>.
8. Consolidated Version of the Treaty on European Union (TEU). OJ C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, OJ C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. p. 13-45.
9. Consolidated Version of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU). OJ C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, OJ C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. p. 47-388.
10. Cooper, R. (2003). The Breaking of Nations: Order and Chaos in the Twenty-first Century. London: Atlantic Books.
11. Enhancing the accession process - A credible EU perspective for the Western Balkans. Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions, COM(2020) 57 final. (2020). Brusel: European Commission. URL: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:52020DC0057>.
12. Huntington, S. (1998). The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order. London: Touchstone – Simon & Schuster. / Huntington, S. (2005). Spopad civilizacij in preoblikovanje svetovnega reda. Ljubljana: Mladinska knjiga.
13. Jambreč, P. (2018). Ustanovitev Slovenije. Ljubljana: Nova Univerza, Evropska pravna fakulteta.
14. Kajnič, S., Lajh, D. (2009). Evropska unija od A do Ž. Ljubljana: Uradni list Republike Slovenije
15. Kuus, M. (2007). Geopolitics reframed: Security and Identity in Europe's Eastern Enlargement. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
16. Manners, I. (2008). The normative ethics of the European Union. International affairs, letnik 84, št. 1, str. 45-60.
17. Marks, G. (2012). Europe and its empires: From Rome to the European Union. Journal of Common Market Studies, letnik 50, št. 1, str. 1-20.
18. Marten, K. (2018). Reconsidering NATO expansion: a counterfactual analysis of Russia and the West in the 1990s. European Journal of International Security, letnik 3, št. 2, str. 135–161.
19. Okrepitev pristopnega procesa – verodostojna perspektiva EU za Zahodni Balkan. Sporočilo Komisije Evropskemu parlamentu, Svetu, Evropskemu ekonomsko-socialnemu odboru in Odboru regij, COM(2020) 57 final. (2020). Bruselj: Evropska komisija. URL: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/SL/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:52020DC0057&from=EN>.
20. Pogodba o Evropski uniji (PEU). UL C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, UL C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. str. 13–45.
21. Pogodba o delovanju Evropske unije (PDEU). UL C 326/1, 26. 10. 2012, UL C 202/1, 7. 6. 2016. str. 47–388.



22. Presidency Conclusions – Copenhagen European Council - 21-22 June 1993. 22. 6. 1993. URL: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/enlargement/ec/pdf/cop\\_en.pdf](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/enlargement/ec/pdf/cop_en.pdf).
23. Sarotte, M. E. (2014). 1989: The Struggle to Create Post-Cold War Europe. Princeton, Oxford: Princeton University Press.
24. The Schuman Declaration. (1950). URL: <https://www.centre-robert-schuman.org/en/robert-schuman-en/robert-schuman-declaration>, 11. 7. 2024.
25. Schuman, R. (2003). Za Evropo. Celje: Mohorjeva družba.
26. Severnoatlantska pogodba. UL RS, št. 5/2004.
27. Snyder, T. (2018). The Road to Unfreedom: Russia, Europe, America. London: The Bodley Head.
28. Zielonka, J. (2007). Europe as Empire: The Nature of the Enlarged European Union. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

#### Cilji in kompetence:

Poglobljena informiranost o najbolj perečih problemih Evropske unije na podlagi zgodovinske refleksije, s poudarkom na geopolitičnem vidiku integracije in procesu širitve Evropske unije.  
Zmožnost uvrstitve vseh teh pojavov na dnevni red oblikovanja politik.

#### Objectives and competences:

In-depth learning/understanding of most acute problems and challenges of the EU based on historical experiences, focusing on the geopolitical aspect of integration and on the process of the enlargement of the European union.  
Ability to place all this phenomena on the policy-making agenda.

#### Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

- Splošna znanja o širitvi Evropske Unije in problematiki, ki je s tem povezana, vključno z geopolitičnimi vidiki integracijskega procesa.
- Razvoj sposobnosti pisnega izražanja o mejah in širitvi Evropske Unije.

#### Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

- General knowledge of the enlargement of the European Union and related issues, including geopolitical aspects of the integration process.
- Developing the ability to write about the borders and enlargement of the European Union.

#### Metode poučevanja in učenja:

#### Learning and teaching methods:



Predavanja, e-učenje, kombiniran način študija.

Lectures, e-learning, blended learning.

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež (v %) / Weight (in %)	Assessment:
Način (pisni izpit): - seminarska naloga (1600 besed) - analiza/povzetek petih izbranih tekstov iz spiska temeljne literature (5x250 besed) - esej na določeno temo (250 besed)	40 % 50 % 10 %	Type (examination): - term paper (1600 words) - analyses/summaries of 5 selected texts from the assigned reading list (5x250 words) - essay on an assigned topic (250 words)

#### Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

Dr. Igor Senčar je docent za področje Mednarodni politični, ekonomski in poslovni odnosi. Doktoriral je na Fakulteti za državne in evropske študije Nove univerze, magistriral na Ekonomski fakulteti Univerze v Ljubljani, diplomiral pa na Fakulteti za elektrotehniko Univerze v Ljubljani. Zaposlen je na Ministrstvu za zunanje zadeve (naziv: veleposlanik I). Bil je državni sekretar za koordinacijo mednarodnih in EU zadev v Kabinetu predsednika vlade (2020-2022), pa tudi državni sekretar (2012-2014) in generalni direktor za evropske zadeve in politično bilateralno (2010-2012), oboje na Ministrstvu za zunanje zadeve (2010-2012). Bil je veleposlanik, stalni predstavnik Slovenije pri EU (2005-2010) in v prvi polovici leta 2008 v času predsedstva Slovenije Evropskemu svetu in Svetu EU tudi predsedujoči Odboru stalnih predstavnikov.

Njegovo raziskovalno in akademsko delo je osredotočeno na evropske integracijske procese, preučevanje solidarnosti, na politično ekonomijo ekonomske in monetarne unije, na mednarodne odnose, geopolitiko in migracije.

Njegova bibliografija je dostopna na:

[https://bib.cobiss.net/bibliographies/si/webBiblio/bib201\\_20220720\\_152512\\_a1066595.html](https://bib.cobiss.net/bibliographies/si/webBiblio/bib201_20220720_152512_a1066595.html)

Igor Senčar is an Assistant Professor in the field of International Political, Economic and Business Relations. He holds a PhD from the Faculty of Government and European Studies of the New University, a Masters of Science degree from the Faculty of Economics, University of Ljubljana, and a Bachelor of Science degree from the Faculty of Electrical Engineering, University of Ljubljana. He is employed at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (rank: Ambassador I). He was State Secretary for Coordination of International and EU Affairs in the Office of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Slovenia (2020-2022) as well as State Secretary (2012- 2014) and Director General for European Affairs and Political Bilateral Affairs (2010-2012), both at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. He was Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the EU from 2005-2010. He was the



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Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee during the Slovenian Presidency of the European Council and the Council of the EU in 2008.

His research and academic work focuses on European integration processes, the study of solidarity, political economy of economic and monetary union, international relations, geopolitics and migration.

His bibliography is available at:

[https://bib.cobiss.net/bibliographies/si/webBiblio/bib201\\_20220720\\_152512\\_a1066595.html](https://bib.cobiss.net/bibliographies/si/webBiblio/bib201_20220720_152512_a1066595.html)